

MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION POLICY

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Management Remuneration Policy

Area responsible for issuing

Executive Vice Presidency of Governance, Risk and Compliance / Strategic Governance Area

Target Audience

Managers and members of Statutory Committees of Eletrobras and its companies.

Approval

Resolution 194/2023, of 11/24/2023, of the Board of Directors of Eletrobras.

Repository

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Introduction

This policy is part of the set of initiatives designed to provide the continuous maturation of Eletrobras' corporate governance system, marked by its capitalization and privatization process carried out in 2022, and is based on the principles of transparency and accountability, which prescribe the importance of disclosing the guidelines and main rules applicable to the remuneration of managers, as well as the mechanisms that ensure alignment between the long-term interests of the company, shareholders, managers and other stakeholders, in line with sustainable practices that foster the company's continuity and the generation of long-term value.



1 Objective

1.1 Establish principles and guidelines to determine the remuneration of the managers of Eletrobras ("Company"), its companies and members of statutory advisory committees to the Board of Directors of Eletrobras ("Advisory Committees").

- 1.2 Establish general guidelines for the participation of managers in stock-based remuneration plans and establish rules for the retention of management remuneration, resulting from improper payment and/or loss/damage caused to Eletrobras and its companies.
- 1.3 To provide, by means of Appendix I to this policy, the specific guidelines and rules for recovery of incentive remuneration that has been erroneously granted, having been designed to comply with and be interpreted as consistent with Section 10D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), Rule 10D-1 promulgated under the Exchange Act ("Rule 10D-1") and Section 303A.14 of the New York Stock Exchange Listed Company Manual.

2 Principles

- 2.1 Transparent and clear stance regarding the company's remuneration practices, in line with the principles of ethics, integrity, transparency and accountability.
- 2.2 Alignment of management's interests with those of the company, shareholders and other stakeholders, having as main drivers the company's values, purpose and vision for the future, with a view to generating value and sustainable results in the long term.
- 2.3 Transparency and compliance in the annual variable remuneration of executives ("short-term incentives" or "ICP") with compliance with ESG ("environmental, social and governance") and other goals that are not linked to direct financial metrics.
- 2.4 Encouraging a meritocratic and high-performance corporate culture, focusing on good management, mitigating business risks and identifying, attracting, and retaining talent in the reference markets, through a remuneration model based on best market practices.

3 Guidelines

3.1 General

- 3.1.1 The company's remuneration structure is designed with the aim of attracting, retaining and recognizing highly qualified, high-performance professionals who are aligned with Eletrobras' values, purpose and vision for the future, aligning the managers' behavior and practices with the company's strategic guidelines and objectives, stimulating Eletrobras' competitive power, prioritizing the generation of long-term sustainable value and fostering the alignment of the strategic interests of the company, its managers, its shareholders and other stakeholders.
- 3.1.2 Eletrobras' remuneration strategy must consider the best remuneration practices in relation to reference markets and companies of equivalent size and complexity, also taking into account the main challenges and the company's strategic plan.
- 3.1.3 The Eletrobras General Meeting ("General Meeting") shall establish the overall amount of remuneration of its managers and members of the statutory advisory committees, in addition to the individual amount of remuneration of the members of the Fiscal Council, subject to applicable law.
- 3.1.4 The Board of Directors of Eletrobras shall define, with the support of the People Committee, the variable remuneration programs (short and long term incentives) and set the individual amount of the fixed monthly remuneration due to its members, the members of its statutory advisory committees and the members of the Executive Board, taking into account the responsibilities, the time dedicated to the functions, the competence, the professional reputation



and the value of its services in the market, observing the global remuneration limit and any action plans approved by the General Meeting.

- 3.1.5 The proposal for global remuneration must be prepared by the Vice Presidency of People, Management and Culture under the coordination and guidelines of the People Committee, after hearing the President of the company, for consideration by the Board of Directors of Eletrobras ("Board of Directors") and subsequent submission to the General Meeting.
- 3.1.5.1 The People Committee may count on the support of independent external consultants to support the modeling of the remuneration structure and the formulation of the global remuneration proposal to be submitted to the General Meeting.
- 3.1.6 The People Committee, with the support of the Vice Presidency of People, Management and Culture, will supervise the periodic reassessment of the executive remuneration structure through research on market practices and trends, and may rely on the support of specialized consultancies, aiming at the continuous adherence of Eletrobras to the best market practices and the maintenance of its competitive power.
- 3.1.7 The People Committee must also supervise, with the support of the Vice Presidency of People, Management and Culture, and the preparation of variable remuneration programs for managers and the preparation of contracts to be signed with the company's executives.
- 3.1.8 The managers and external members of the statutory advisory committees are indirect beneficiaries of the Directors and Officers liability insurance (D&O), compulsorily included in the policy, the cost of which will be fully borne by the company, pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation.
- 3.1.9 The company may enter into indemnity agreements with its managers and external members of the statutory advisory committees, pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation, in accordance with the Indemnity Policy.

3.2 Board of Directors of Eletrobras (CA)

- 3.2.1 The annual fixed remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors must be composed of 12 monthly installments and will not be linked to the number of meetings held or the frequency of their participation.
- 3.2.1.1 The members of the Board of Directors shall all receive the same level of remuneration. However, the Board of Directors may assign a different remuneration to the member who is Chairman of the Board of Directors.
- 3.2.2 The payment of short-term incentives to the members of the Board of Directors is prohibited.
- 3.2.3 The members of the Board of Directors may be entitled, as beneficiaries, to long-term incentives based on stock-based remuneration plans, provided that the following minimum requirements are met:
 - a) approval of the stock-based remuneration plan and the portion of the associated global remuneration by the General Meeting;
 - b) definition of the same long-term incentive level for all members of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors being entitled to define a differentiated level for the member who is elected to the position of Chairman of the Board of Directors;
 - c) non-binding to specific performance targets;
 - d) compliance with the full term of office;
 - e) time shift between the end of the term of office and the effective delivery of the shares and/or fixing of the period of prohibition to the negotiation ("lock-up") of the shares delivered to the member of the Board of Directors;



- f) provision for the cases in which beneficiaries will lose their rights relating to the plan.
- 3.2.4 The setting of remuneration levels must be in line with market practices, with flexibility to vary as necessary, in order to adequately remunerate the services of the members of the Board of Directors according to their dedication, the volume of demand, the complexity of the challenges and according to the spectrum of responsibility attributed to the members of said collegiate body.
- 3.2.5 The benefits granted to the members of the Board of Directors are those defined at the Shareholders' General Meeting.
- 3.2.5.1 The company shall bear directly, or through reimbursement, all food, transportation and accommodation expenses incurred by a member of the Board of Directors and necessary for the performance of their duties.
- 3.2.5.2 The company will pay, directly or through reimbursement, expenses with training and events of interest to the company, incurred by a member of the Board of Directors, provided that they are pertinent to the performance of their duties and in compliance with the applicable internal rules.

3.3 Statutory advisory committees

- 3.3.1 The members of the statutory advisory committees shall be entitled to monthly fees for participation in each committee, with the remunerated participation of the members of the Board of Directors being limited to two committees.
- 3.3.2 The remunerated participation in a second committee shall represent half of the amount attributed to the remuneration of that board member.
- 3.3.3 The Chairman of the Board of Directors will only be entitled to remuneration for eventual participation in committees, if his/her remuneration as Chairman of the Board of Directors is identical to that of the other members of this collegiate board.
- 3.3.4 The members of the committees shall not receive differentiated remuneration as a result of their role in coordinating the collegiate body, and it is forbidden for a member of the Board of Directors to coordinate more than one committee.
- 3.3.5 The Board of Directors is entitled to set differentiated remuneration for external members of committees, taking into account the demands of the company, the degree of responsibility of the position, the time dedicated to the functions, the competence and level of expertise, the reputation and professional experience and the value of its services in the market.
- 3.3.6 Committee coordinators should preferably be members of the Board of Directors.
- 3.3.7 Members of statutory advisory committees are not entitled to benefits or any type of variable remuneration.
- 3.3.8 The company shall bear directly, or by way of reimbursement, the expenses incurred by members of the Committees for food, travel and accommodation necessary for the performance of their duties.
- 3.3.9 Participation in the statutory advisory committees of anyone who is not a Board Member or an independent external member is prohibited.

3.4 Statutory Executive Board of Eletrobras

3.4.1 The Statutory Executive Board ("Board" or "Statutory Board") is composed of the Company's President ("President") and up to 15 Vice President Officers ("Vice Presidents"), all with a statutory relationship with the company ("executives" or "statutory officers").



- 3.4.2 Executive remuneration seeks to reflect the results obtained by the company, as well as individual and collective performance, at levels competitive with those of the market, and is made up of four elements:
 - a) fixed remuneration ("fees" or "base salary");
 - b) short-term variable remuneration ("short-term incentive", "bonus" or "ICP");
 - c) long-term variable remuneration ("long-term incentive" or "ILP"); and
 - d) benefits.
- 3.4.3 The executive remuneration strategy must be designed to ensure that the ILP is the most important element in the composition of the executive's total remuneration, followed by the ICP.
- 3.4.4 In the event of temporary impediment, leave or vacation of a member of the Executive Board, the substitute who may be appointed from among the other members of the Executive Board, in accordance with the applicable internal rules, will not be entitled to any supplementation of their fees.

3.4.5 Fixed remuneration

- 3.4.5.1 Executive fees are based on the company's strategic positioning against the market median obtained through salary surveys carried out by specialized companies, subject to annual adjustments depending on market levels, individual performance and other factors such as executive potential, specific skills, experience in the function and retention risks.
- 3.4.5.2 Executive fees shall be defined annually and shall be paid in 12 monthly installments.
- 3.4.5.3 The President and the other Vice President Officers shall be entitled, annually, to 30 days of paid leave, with the prior authorization of the Executive Board, which may be accumulated up to a maximum of two periods, being prohibited its conversion into cash and indemnity.

3.4.6 Short-Term Variable Remuneration ("Short-Term Incentive" or "ICP")

- 3.4.6.1 The members of the Executive Board will be entitled to remuneration based on ICP programs, paid through bonuses, which are based on goals for achieving the company's results, with specific indicators deployed in its Strategic Plan.
- 3.4.6.2 Each position of the Executive Board is assigned a multiple that will represent the maximum amount that said executive may perceive as ICP annually, which may be increased by a predetermined percentage if the triggers for exceeding their goals are met.
- 3.4.6.3 The payment of the ICP installment, linked to financial metrics, must occur after the approval of the accounts of the respective fiscal year by the Annual General Meeting ("AGM").
- 3.4.6.4 In cases where, due to their date of appointment, the executive contributes only partially to the results of the fiscal year, an amount proportional to the actual length of service in the respective fiscal year must be paid when paying the other elected officials, provided that they took office before the last four months of the year.

3.4.7 Long-Term Variable Remuneration ("Long-Term Incentive" or "ILP")

- 3.4.7.1 The ILP component of executive remuneration shall be based on Share Plan(s) and Program(s).
- 3.4.7.2 Together with this policy, the stock-based remuneration plans approved at the 184th Extraordinary General Meeting held on 12/22/2022 must be observed, namely: (i) Stock Option-Based Remuneration Plan ("Option Plan" or "Stock Option Plan") and (ii) Restricted Stock-Based Remuneration Plan ("Restricted Stock Plan").



- 3.4.7.3 The Restricted Stock Plan consists of the granting of rights to transfer shares of the company, respecting the rules of terms and other conditions previously approved by the shareholders at the General Meeting.
- 3.4.7.3.1 If the executive voluntarily or involuntarily resigns from the company, he/she will lose, as from the date of resignation, the right to receive the Restricted Stock of the remaining time frames and, as a consequence, the company will be unable to transfer ownership of the corresponding Restricted Stock to him/her.
- 3.4.7.4 The Option Plan consists of the granting of rights to purchase shares of the company, respecting the rules of prices, terms and other conditions previously approved by the shareholders at the General Meeting and covered in the program approved by the Board of Directors.
- 3.4.7.4.1 If the executive voluntarily or involuntarily leaves the company before completing the grace period between the grant date and the date from which the options will be mature and, therefore, able to be exercised ("Maturity Term"), he/she will lose his/her rights to the Option Plan.
- 3.4.7.5 In addition to the plans mentioned in item 3.4.7.2, the Board of Directors may, whenever deemed necessary, propose to the General Meeting new models of stock-based remuneration plans.

3.4.8 Benefits

- 3.4.8.1 The executives will be entitled to direct and indirect benefits, under the terms established by the Board of Directors and subject to the general guidelines established by the General Meeting, in order to contribute to their quality of life and to attract and retain talent.
- 3.4.8.2 The executives will have the benefits of supplementary pension, life insurance and health care, under the terms and conditions established by the Board of Directors.

3.5 General Compensatory Rules ("malus rule")

- 3.5.1 The Board of Directors, with the support of the People Committee and the Legal Affairs Support Committee, may resolve on the application of a *malus rule* against executives, with the reduction and/or extinction of remuneration credits that may be due by the company to executives, in the case of events and/or facts with impacts on the market value and/or reputation and/or equity of the company, in order to compensate, partially or totally, losses and/or damages against the company.
- 3.5.2 In the event of any determination of executive liability, the Board of Directors may decide, as a precautionary measure, to suspend the payment of ICP and ILP to the respective executives, until the calculation process is completed.
- 3.5.3 Failure by the executive or former executive to comply with the established confidentiality rules and/or the non-competition and non-solicitation rules will subject the executive / former executive to penalties and the loss of all their benefits and/or remuneration installments that may be due by the company.
- 3.5.4 The company's executives and former executives are also subject to the general indemnity rules and the specific conditions for recovery of remuneration incentive granted erroneously ("clawback") according to Appendix I of this policy.
- 3.5.5 All executives of Eletrobras and its subsidiaries, including those already elected and/or sworn in at the time of approval of this policy, must sign a specific term of adherence to this policy, according to Appendix II of this policy.



4 Responsibilities

4.1 People Committee

- 4.1.1 Advise the Board of Directors on matters related to remuneration, following the main practices, trends, market conditions, the competitive environment and the relativity of remuneration.
- 4.1.2 Propose to the Board of Directors periodic reviews of the modeling of the remuneration of Eletrobras' managers and general guidelines for the remuneration of subsidiaries, with the support of the Vice Presidency of People, Management and Culture.
- 4.1.3 Propose periodic reviews of this policy to the Board of Directors, taking into account the best remuneration practices in the global reference markets and the alignment of the interests of the managers with those of the company, shareholders and other stakeholders.
- 4.1.4 Support the Board of Directors in structuring global and individual remuneration proposals and stock-based remuneration plans and/or programs.
- 4.1.5 Support the Board of Directors in the definition and determination of executive goals and in the management of ICP and ILP programs.

4.2 Board of Directors

- 4.2.1 Implement, supervise and periodically review this policy, evaluating the alignment of the content with market practices, in order to identify significant discrepancies with respect to similar companies.
- 4.2.2 Formulate the proposal for the global annual remuneration of the managers, committees and members of the audit committee, to be submitted for approval by the Shareholders' General Meeting.
- 4.2.3 Approve short and long-term incentive programs and set the individual amount of monthly remuneration due to its members, members of its statutory advisory committees and members of the Executive Board, taking into account responsibilities, time dedicated to functions, competence, professional reputation and the value of its services in the market, subject to the overall remuneration limit and any action plans approved by the General Meeting.

4.3 Vice Presidency of People, Management and Culture

- 4.3.1 Support the People Committee (CPES) in the design of the programs and individual remuneration levels of the Executive Board, based on the current remuneration guidelines, and be able to count on the support of specialized external consultancies, according to guidelines established by the CPES.
- 4.3.2 Take into account, in the design of its proposals, the company's results in the previous year, individual performance, market remuneration surveys and other aspects such as retention risks, skills and knowledge, experience and potential of each executive.
- 4.3.3 To assess with the company's President the strategic alignment of the design of the proposals for the remuneration of the members of the Executive Board.

5 General Provisions

5.1 None of the provisions contained in this policy shall be construed as creating rights for the company's executives, or as granting the right to remain as a manager or committee member, or as interfering in any way with the company's right to terminate the relationship with any person at any time, under the conditions provided by law, in the articles of incorporation and in the employment contract.



- 5.2 This policy may be revised by resolution of the Board of Directors, especially in the event of a material change in the laws or regulations applicable to the company.
- 5.3 Omitted cases will be decided by the Board of Directors, with the support of the People Committee.
- 5.4 The Executive Board of Eletrobras will define the remuneration structure of the managers of the companies controlled by Eletrobras, subject to the general strategic guidelines established by the Board of Directors with the support of the People Committee.
- 5.5 In the exceptional event that a member of the Board of Directors accumulates a position on the Executive Board, the remuneration will be due only due to the performance as an executive, without prejudice to the legal prohibition contained in art. 138, §3, of Law No. 6.404/76, and the Chairman of the Board of Directors is also prohibited from accumulating a position on the Executive Board.
- 5.6 If the Fiscal Council is installed, its members must receive a fixed monthly fee, on bases defined by the General Meeting, totaling 12 installments in the year, respecting the legal minimum limit.
- 5.6.1 The members of the Fiscal Council are not entitled to benefits and variable portion.
- 5.6.2 The members of the Fiscal Council, as provided for in its Internal Regulations, will be reimbursed, by the company, for the expenses with food, transportation and accommodation necessary for the performance of their duties.
- 5.6.3 In case of vacancy, resignation, impediment or unjustified absence to two consecutive meetings or three interspersed meetings, of 12 meetings, the member of the fiscal council must be replaced, until the end of the term of office, by the respective alternate, being responsible for the respective remuneration.
- 5.7 The provisions of this policy apply, as applicable, to the executives of Eletrobras' subsidiaries.
- 5.8 The relevant legislation and the company's specific legal provisions and agreements must be observed.
- 5.9 Situations not provided for in this policy must be analyzed by the Vice Presidencies involved, being justified by a technical note. The conclusions must be ratified by Eletrobras' Board of Directors, subject to the provisions of current legislation and Eletrobras' Articles of Incorporation.
- 5.10 In order to meet the specificities of each process, this policy can be broken down into other specific normative documents, always in line with the principles and guidelines established herein.
- 5.11 The normative documents and provisions contrary to this policy are revoked, in particular the Regulation on the Remuneration of Members of the Executive Board, Boards of Directors and Fiscal Councils and Statutory Committees of Eletrobras Companies (REG-23), edition 1.0, approved by Resolution RES-373/2021, of 05/31/2021, of the Executive Board of Eletrobras and by Resolution DEL-125/2021, of 06/17/2021, of the Board of Directors of Eletrobras.

6 Appendices

Appendix I - Recovery Relating to Incentive Remuneration Received Erroneously.

Appendix II – Term of Adhesion to the Management Remuneration Policy and its Appendix I – Recovery Relating to Incentive Remuneration Received Erroneously.



Appendix - I

RECOVERY RELATING TO INCENTIVE REMUNERATION RECEIVED ERRONEOUSLY.

1 Introduction

- 1.1 This Recovery Appendix provides for the recovery of incentive remuneration that was wrongly granted and was designed to comply with and will be construed as consistent with Section 10D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), Rule 10D-1 promulgated under the Exchange Act ("Rule 10D-1"), and Section 303A.14 of the New York Stock Exchange Listed Company Manual.
- 1.2 This Appendix is applicable to all current and former managing directors. An executive officer is the President of the Company, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, any Vice President of the company responsible for a business unit, division, or primary function (such as sales, management, or finance), any other officer exercising a policymaking function, or any person exercising similar policymaking functions for the company. The executive officers of the company's subsidiaries are also considered executive officers of the company.

2 Definitions

The terms used in this Appendix have the following meanings.

- 2.1 "Code" Internal Revenue Code of the United States of 1986, and its updates.
- **2.2** "Company" Centrais Elétricas Brasileiras S/A Eletrobras.
- **2.3** "Board of Directors" Board of Directors of the company.
- **2.4 "Date on which the company is required to prepare an accounting correction"** the earliest date between (a) the date on which the Board of Directors or the Audit and Risk Committee concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the company is required to prepare an accounting correction, or (b) the date on which a court, regulator or other legally authorized body requires the company to prepare an accounting correction; in either case, regardless of whether or when any corrected financial statements are filed with the SEC.
- **2.5** "Executive Officer" any executive officer of the company, as defined in Rule 10D-1 and the NYSE Listing Standards, as they may be amended from time to time.
- **2.6** "Covered Officer" any member of the Executive Board of the company who holds or has held office as a member of the Executive Board.
- **2.7** "Recovery Manager" person, committee or other body designated by the Board of Directors to administer this Recovery Appendix. If the Board of Directors decides to assign the role of Recovery Manager to a committee, its composition must be exclusive of independent members. If the Board of Directors decides to assign the role of Recovery Manager to only one person, this person must be an independent member.
- **2.8** "Financial Disclosure Measure" any measure that is determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in the preparation of the company's financial statements, and any measure that is derived in whole or in part from such measure. The stock price and TSR are also financial disclosure measures. The measure in question does not need to be reported in the company's financial statements or included in a filing with the SEC to be considered a financial disclosure measure.
- **2.9 "NYSE"** New York Stock Exchange.
- **2.10** "Listing Standards" listing standards promulgated by the NYSE.



- **2.11 "Applicable Period"** period consisting of three fiscal years completed immediately before the date on which the company is required to prepare an accounting correction, as well as any transition period (which results from a change in the company's fiscal year) within or immediately after these three fiscal years completed (except in cases where a transition period comprising a period of at least nine months counts as a full fiscal year).
- **2.12** "Received" or "Receipt" with respect to any incentive-based remuneration, the actual or assumed receipt of, and incentive-based remuneration shall be treated as received in, the fiscal period of the corporation during which the measure of financial disclosure specified in the grant of the incentive-based remuneration is achieved, even if the payment or grant of the incentive-based remuneration to the executive officer occurs after the expiration of that period.
- **2.13** "Incentive-Based Remuneration" any remuneration granted, obtained or acquired based, in whole or in part, on the achievement of a financial disclosure measure.
- **2.14** "Erroneously Awarded Remuneration" difference, if any, between the incentive-based remuneration that was received by a covered executive and the amount of incentive-based remuneration that would have been received if remuneration had been determined based on the amounts restated (determined without taking into account any taxes paid or withheld in relation to incentive-based remuneration).
- **2.15** "Accounting Correction" rectification of the company's financial statements arising from a material failure by the company to comply with any financial disclosure requirement under securities legislation, including any accounting correction necessary to correct a material error in the previously issued financial statements, or which would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period.
- **2.16** "SEC" United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- **2.17** "Section 409A" Section 409A of the Code and the Treasury Regulations promulgated under said section.
- 2.18 "TSR" total shareholder return.

3 Application of Recovery

- 3.1 This appendix applies to any incentive-based remuneration received by an officer on or after November 24, 2023.
- 3.2 This appendix applies only to incentive-based remuneration that has been received while the company has a class of securities listed on the NYSE.

4 Recovery Trigger

4.1 The company will promptly recover, in a reasonable manner, the amount of any erroneously granted remuneration that was received by any covered officer during the applicable period, when the company is required to prepare an accounting correction. The obligation to recover does not depend on whether or when the amended financial statements are presented. The recovery manager shall determine the timing and method for recovery.

5 Determination of Wrongly Granted Remuneration

- 5.1 The recovery manager shall determine, at their sole discretion, any amounts of wrongly granted remuneration.
- 5.2 If the erroneously granted remuneration was based, in whole or in part, on obtaining a share price or TSR, and it is not possible to determine the amount of the erroneously granted remuneration directly by mathematical recalculation based on the accounting correction, the recovery manager must determine the amount of the erroneously granted remuneration based on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the accounting correction on the share price or TSR



upon which the incentive-based remuneration was received. The recovery manager may, at its discretion and at the expense of the company, hire consultants and experts to support the definition of any decision-making provided for herein.

5.3 The recovery manager will document the determination of any reasonable estimates used to determine the wrongly awarded remuneration and provide such documentation to the NYSE.

6 Notices to the Executive Officer

- 6.1 The recovery manager shall:
- 6.1.1 Determine, in its sole discretion, the amount of any wrongly awarded remuneration that has been received by each current and former executive officer.
- 6.1.2 Promptly notify each of the current and former executive officers of the amount of any wrongly awarded remuneration; and
- 6.1.3 Demand reimbursement, return and/or loss of such erroneously granted remuneration, as applicable.

7 Recovery method

- 7.1 The recovery manager shall have discretion to determine the appropriate means for recovery of wrongly awarded remuneration based on the specific facts and circumstances.
- 7.2 The recovery manager may, at its sole discretion:
- 7.2.1 Seek repayment in whole or in part of any cash awards or stock-based remuneration;
- 7.2.2 Cancel previous awards in cash or stock-based remuneration, whether vested or unvested, paid or unpaid;
- 7.2.3 Cancel or set off against any planned future cash awards or stock-based remuneration;
- 7.2.4 Forfeit the deferred indemnity, subject to compliance with Section 409A; or
- 7.2.5 Use any other method authorized by applicable law or contract.

8 Exceptions to recovery

- 8.1 Wrongly granted remuneration need not be recovered if the recovery manager determines that recovery would be impractical and one or more of the following limited conditions apply:
- 8.1.1 The expenses incurred in using a third party to assist in enforcing the terms of this Appendix would exceed the amount to be recovered. Before concluding that it would be unfeasible to recover any amount of wrongly awarded remuneration based on such expenses, the recovery manager shall make a reasonable attempt to recover such wrongly awarded remuneration by documenting the attempt and providing such documentation to the NYSE.
- 8.1.2 Recovery would violate Brazilian law, provided that such law was adopted before November 28th, 2022. Before concluding that it would be unfeasible to recover any amount of wrongly awarded remuneration based on a violation of Brazilian law, the recovery manager shall comply with the applicable opinion and disclosure requirements of Rule 10D-1 and Listing Standards; or
- 8.1.3 Recovery would likely cause a qualified plan under Code Section 401(a) not to comply with the requirements of Code Section 401(a)(13) or Code Section 411(a) and the regulations promulgated thereby.



9 Prohibition on indemnification

9.1 Regardless of the terms of any indemnity policy or insurance policy or any contractual agreement with any covered officer, to the contrary, the company may not indemnify any covered officers for losses of any erroneously granted remuneration, including any payment or reimbursement of third party insurance costs acquired by any covered officers to fund possible recovery obligations under this Recovery Appendix.

10 SEC Disclosure

10.1 The company will file all disclosures related to this Recovery Appendix required by any applicable SEC rules.

11 Administration of the Recovery Appendix

- 11.1 This Recovery Appendix will be administered by the recovery manager, and any determinations made by the recovery manager will be final and binding on all affected individuals.
- 11.2 The recovery manager is authorized to interpret this Recovery Appendix and to make all determinations necessary, appropriate or advisable for the administration of this Recovery Appendix and for the company's compliance with the Listing Standards, Section 10D, Rule 10D-1 and any other applicable law, regulation, rule or interpretation promulgated or issued in connection with the Recovery Appendix.
- 11.3 Except to the extent prohibited by applicable law or the Listing Standards, the recovery manager, where it is a collegiate body, may delegate all or part of its responsibility and power to any one or more of its members. The Recovery Manager may further delegate all or part of its responsibility and power to any person or persons it selects. Any such assignment or delegation may be revoked by the recovery manager at any time. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the recovery manager may delegate to one or more officers of the company the authority to act on its behalf with respect to any matter, right, obligation or election which is the responsibility of or assigned to it in this Recovery Policy, and which may be delegated by operation of law and in accordance with the Listing Standards.

12 Amendment and Repeal

12.1 The Board of Directors may amend this Recovery Appendix from time to time at its discretion and shall amend this Recovery Appendix as it deems necessary. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, no amendment or repeal of this Recovery Appendix shall be effective if such amendment or repeal (after considering any actions taken by the company concurrently with such amendment or repeal) would cause the company to violate any securities laws or the Listing Standards.

13 Other recovery rights

13.1 This Recovery Appendix shall be binding upon and enforceable against all executive officers and, to the extent required by applicable law or direction of the SEC or the NYSE, their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives. The recovery manager intends that this Recovery Appendix be enforced to the maximum extent required by applicable law. Any employment agreement, equity award agreement, remuneration plan or any other agreement or arrangement with an executive officer shall include, as a condition to the granting of any benefit provided for therein, an undertaking by the executive officer to comply with the terms of this Recovery Appendix. Any right of recovery under this Recovery Appendix is in addition to, and does not replace, any other remedies or rights of recovery that may be available to the company under applicable law, regulation or rule or pursuant to the terms of any company policy or any provision in any employment agreement, equity award agreement, remuneration plan, contract or other agreement.



Appendix - II

Term of Adhesion to the Management Remuneration Policy and its Appendix I – Recovery Relating to Incentive Remuneration Received Erroneously.

[Name], [Identity], [CPF], domiciled at [address, neighborhood, zip code, city], [position], manifest, unrestricted and irrevocably, adherence to the Management Remuneration Policy and its Appendix I – Recovery Relating to Incentive Remuneration Received Erroneously, "Recovery Appendix", declaring to know and agree with its terms, as well as signing the commitment to comply with the provisions therein.

signature